## 1) Basic Information

The following table compares the performance of a Polybutene-1 pipe with competitive materials in a 40 mm diameter pipe for a 50 -year life expectancy at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ continuous operating temperature including design factors, tested in accordance with ISO 15874, ISO 15875, ISO 15876, and the ISO 15877.
2) Grafic overview

## Pipe Flow Performance

Calculated for 50 year life @ $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, including design factor
 ( $\square$


|  | PB-1 | PP-R (1) | PP-R ${ }_{(2)}$ | PE-X | PVC-C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pipe OD, mm | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| Pipe ID, mm | 32.6 | 26.6 | 24.0 | 29.0 | 31.0 |
| Pipe wall thickness, mm | 3.7 | 6.7 | 8.0 | 5.5 | 4.5 |
| Standard Dimension Ratio (SDR) | 11 | 6 | 5 | 7.3 | 9 |
| Pipe inner section area, $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | 835 | 556 | 452 | 661 | 755 |
| Flow speed @ <br> 2 liters/second, m/s | 2.4 | 3.6 | 4.4 | 3.0 | 2.6 |
| Pressure loss @ <br> 2 liters/second, mbar/m | 18 | 50 | 81 | 33 | 24 |

## 3) Results

As long as the minimum wall thickness is exceeded, it is allowable to calculate pipe thicknesses according to standardised performance criteria where the advantages of using Polybutene-1 can be realised in terms of lower pipe weight and hence less raw material consumption and cost.

Lower flow speed and pressure loss for PB-1 compared to all other materials. For PP-R the next higher dimension d50 is required for the same performance.

PB-1 pipes can be used with smaller pipe diameters, this saves space for installation or allows for more insulation.
4) References/Standards

PB-1 pipes are used for 4 of 5 new one familiy houses in England.

Technical data are subject to alteration.

